Internet New Zealand Incorporated
Annual Report
For the Year Ended 31st March 2015

**Prepared By** 

Deloitte Wellington NZ

# Internet New Zealand Incorporated Annual Report For the Year Ended 31st March 2015

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### Internet New Zealand Incorporated Annual Report For the Year Ended 31st March 2015

#### **Financial Result**

The Group Net Profit for the year, after taxation, was (\$519,913) (2014: \$33,101).

	2015		2014	4
	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
Retained Earnings as at 1 April	9,412,100	5,575,427	9,378,999	6,191,093
Net Profit (Loss) After Taxation	(519,913)	(413,496)	33,101	(615,666)
Retained Earnings as at 31st March	\$8,892,187	\$5,161,931	\$9,412,100	\$5,575,427

#### **Dividend**

Dividends of \$2,755,776 were received from NZRS Limited, a wholly owned company, for the year ended 31st March 2015 (2014: \$2,559,637).

#### **Remuneration of Council**

During the year Council received the following remuneration:

#### **Fees Paid**

Jamie Baddeley - President (Elected August 2014) Joy Liddicoat - Vice President (Elected August 2014)	26,250 11,421
Neil James	16,500
Dave Moskovitz	16,019
Hamish MacEwan	15,000
Lance Wiggs	15,000
Brenda Wallace	15,000
Richard Wood	15,000
Amber Craig	15,000
Rochelle Furneaux	15,000
Frank March (Term Ended July 2014)	10,000
Sara Lee	10,000
Hayden Glass	10,000
Donald Clark (Term Ended July 2014)	5,000
Michael Wallmannsberger (Term Ended July 2014)	5,000

\$200,190

For and on Behalf of the Council

\_President

\_\_Vice President

2 4 / 6 / / 5 · Date

#### <u>Internet New Zealand Incorporated</u> <u>Statement of Comprehensive Income</u> <u>For the Year Ended 31st March 2015</u>

	2015		2014	
Vote	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
	0 711 909	_	8 104 080	_
	** *	210 115		232,051
			/3,920	
	8,825,023	310,115	8,268,903	232,051
3,4,5				
	3,504,609	-	3,115,034	-
	1,805,155	-	1,322,680	-
	353,058	353,058	219,738	219,739
	639,533	639,533	498,284	498,284
	438,082	421,467	345,589	326,419
	396,622	396,622	416,451	416,451
	51,265	51,265		87,278
	607,696	607,696		884,307
	2,312,541	1,422,009	1,915,636	1,213,253
	10,108,561	3,891,650	8,804,998	3,645,731
	(1,283,538)	(3,581,535)	(536,095)	(3,413,680)
8	-	2,755,776	-	2,559,637
	448,853	97,491	491,946	161,127
	314,772	314,772	77,250	77,250
	(519,913)	(413,496)	33,101	(615,666)
				_
	(\$519,913)	(\$413,496)	\$33,101	(\$615,666)
		8,711,828 113,195 8,825,023 3,504,609 1,805,155 353,058 639,533 438,082 396,622 51,265 607,696 2,312,541 10,108,561 (1,283,538) 8 448,853 314,772 (519,913)	8,711,828	Rote         Group         Parent         Group           8,711,828 113,195         - 310,115         8,194,983 73,920           8,825,023         310,115         8,268,903           9,4,5         - 3,504,609 1,805,155 - 353,058         - 1,322,680 219,738 639,533 639,533 498,284 438,082 421,467 396,622 396,622 396,622 416,451 51,265 51,265 607,696 607,696 607,696 607,696 884,307 2,312,541 1,422,009 1,915,636         884,307 1,915,636           10,108,561         3,891,650 3,891,650         8,804,998           (1,283,538)         (3,581,535) 314,772         (536,095)           8         - 2,755,776 314,772         - 77,250 77,250           (519,913)         (413,496)         33,101

Total Comprehensive Income is attributable to the Members of Internet New Zealand Inc.



#### Internet New Zealand Incorporated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31st March 2015

		20	15	201	4
	Note	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
Retained Earnings					
<b>Opening Retained Earnings</b>		9,412,100	5,575,427	9,378,999	6,191,093
Total Comprehensive Income the Year	for				
Surplus for the Year Other Comprehensive Income		(519,913) -	(413,496) -	33,101	(615,666) -
Retained Earnings as at 31st					
March		\$8,892,187	\$5,161,931	\$9,412,100	\$5,575,427



### Internet New Zealand Incorporated Statement of Financial Position As At 31st March 2015

	Moto	2015		2014 Cmaum	
	Note	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Financial Assets Trade Debtors and Other	1 1a	2,806,118 11,750,633	176,978 4,401,017	1,772,553 12,313,029	431,656 4,510,905
Receivables	2	1,813,046	164,342	1,335,611	195,834
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		16,369,797	4,742,337	15,421,193	5,138,395
Non Current Assets					
Property, Plant & Equipment	4	740,984	250,745	862,570	265,399
Shares in Subsidiaries	9	-	610,000	-	610,000
Intangible Assets	5	787,716	140,912	607,059	65,456
<b>Total Non Current Assets</b>		1,528,700	1,001,657	1,469,629	940,855
Total Assets		17,898,497	5,743,994	16,890,822	6,079,250
Less Liabilities: Current Liabilities					
Deferred Income- Current Trade Creditors and Other	11	5,533,052	-	4,609,054	-
Payables	6	1,259,235	582,063	1,121,160	503,823
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		6,792,287	582,063	5,730,214	503,823
<b>Term Liabilities</b> Deferred Income- Non Current	11	2,214,023	_	1,748,508	_
Total Liabilities		9,006,310	582,063	7,478,722	503,823
Net Assets		\$8,892,187	\$5,161,931	\$9,412,100	\$5,575,427



## Internet New Zealand Incorporated Statement of Financial Position As At 31st March 2015

	2015 Group	Parent	2014 Group	Parent
Represented by:				
Total Equity	\$8,892,187	\$5,161,931	\$9,412,100	\$5,575,427

For and on Behalf of the Council

\_President

\_\_Vice President

4/6/15 · Date

# Internet New Zealand Incorporated Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 31st March 2015

	2015		2014		
No	ote	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Cash was Provided From Net Receipts from Customers		10,028,764	615,753	8,551,656	311,398
Receipt of Taxation Dividend Received Interest Received		- - 462,606	2,755,776 113,180	7,461 - 571,623	- 2,559,637 247,716
Net GST Received		146,266			7,687
Cash was Distributed To:		10,637,635	3,484,709	9,130,740	3,126,438
Payments to Suppliers and Employees Payment of Taxation		9,190,876 -	3,704,199	7,875,977 - 77,189	3,621,311 - -
Net GST Paid		3,293 9,194,169	3,293 3,707,492	7,953,166	3,621,311
Net Flows Operating Activities		1,443,467	(222,783)	1,177,574	(494,873)
Cash Flows From Investing Cash was Provided From: Net Withdrawal from Other Investments		562,396	109,889	_	57,237
Cash was Distributed To:		502,390	109,009		3/1-3/
Net Investment in Other Investments Purchase of Fixed Assets & Intangibles		972,297 <b>972,297</b>	- <u>141,783</u> <b>141,783</b>	753,189 <u>970,204</u> <b>1,723,393</b>	96,493 <b>96,493</b>
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		(409,901)	(31,894)	(1,723,393)	(39,256)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,033,565	(254,678)	(545,819)	(534,129)
Add:Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,772,553 _	431,656	2,318,372	965,785
Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents	1	\$2,806,118	\$176,978	\$1,772,553 ———————————————————————————————————	\$431,656



## Internet New Zealand Incorporated Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 31st March 2015

**Operating Activity Cash Flow Reconciliation** 

	2015			2014	
	Group	Parent	Group	Parent	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the Year	(519,913)	(413,496)	33,101	(615,666)	
Add/(deduct) Non - cash items					
Depreciation	452,023	53,700	409,307	45,598	
Amortisation	461,204	27,281	<u>342,558</u>	3,884	
	913,227	80,981	751,865	49,482	
Movement in working capital					
(increase)/decrease in receivables	(500,544)	(9,134)	(142,042)	2,097	
(increase)/decrease in GST receivable	142,973	(3,293)	(77,189)	7,687	
increase/(decrease) accounts payable	(8,192)	78,240	191,298	(12,463)	
(increase)/decrease interest receivable	13,753	15,689	79,677	86,589	
(increase)/decrease tax receivable	-	-	7,461	-	
(increase)/decrease prepayments	12,650	28,230	(14,142)	(12,599)	
increase/(decrease) deferred income	1,389,513		347,545	-	
	1,050,153	109,732	392,608	71,311	
Net Cash Flow from Operating	\$4.440.46 <b>=</b>	(¢000 <b>=</b> 90)	¢4 455 554	(\$404 <b>9</b> 70)	
Activities	\$1,443,467	(\$222,783)	\$1,177,574 ———	(\$494,873)	



#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

These financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of Internet New Zealand Incorporated ("INZ") for the year ended 31 March 2015. INZ is an incorporated society registered under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908 and domiciled in New Zealand.

The consolidated financial statements of INZ 31st March 2015 comprise INZ and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The principal activity of INZ is to keep the Internet open and uncaptureable, protecting and promoting the Internet for New Zealand.

INZ is a Public Benefit Entity as the primary objective is to provide goods or services for the community rather than for a financial return.

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in compliance with New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NZ GAAP) complying with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS) as appropriate for Public Benefit reporting entities applying differential reporting exemptions.

The Group qualifies for Differential Reporting because it is not publicly accountable and does not qualify as a large entity as defined in the framework for Differential Reporting by the New Zealand Institute of Chartered Accountants. The Group has taken advantage of all Differential Reporting Exemptions, except NZ IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

#### (b) Basis of preparation

#### **Presentation Currency**

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars. They are prepared on a historical cost basis except for investments which are stated at their fair value.

#### Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### **Changes to Accounting Policies**

There has been no significant change in accounting policies in the current reporting period.

#### Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by Group entities.



#### (c) Basis of Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Parent and all entities over which the Parent has power to control the financial reporting and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities (defined as "subsidiaries"). The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated Financial Statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all interentity balances and transactions, and unrealised profits arising within the consolidated entity are eliminated in full.

#### (d) Employee entitlements

The provisions for employee entitlements to wages, salaries, annual leave and long service leave payments represent the amount for which there is a present obligation to pay resulting from employees' services provided up to balance date.

#### (e) Financial assets

Financial assets consist of cash, deposits and receivables. Upon recognition financial assets are recognised at fair value. Subsequent to intial recognition financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are restated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### (f) Financial instruments issued by the company

#### **Debt and equity instruments**

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

#### Interest and dividends

Interest and dividends are classified as expenses or as distributions of profit consistent with the balance sheet classification of the related debt or equity instruments or component parts of compound instruments.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

#### (g) Foreign currency

All foreign currency transactions during the financial year are brought to account using the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items at reporting date are translated at the exchange rate existing at reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.



#### (h) Goods and Services Tax

All amounts are shown exclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST) except for trade debtors, receivables and payables that are stated inclusive of GST.

#### (i) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered any impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of the value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### (j) Income Tax

The Group was registered as a charity under the Charities Act 2005 and therefore exempt from income tax under Section CW41 & CW42 of the Income Tax Act 2007 effective from when it was granted charitable status.

Internet New Zealand Inc is registered as a charity in terms of the Charities Act 2005 with effect from 30 June 2008. The wholly owned subsidiaries, NZRS Limited and Domain Name Commission Limited were registered as charities in terms of the Charities Act 2005 with effect from 19 August 2008 and 10 October 2008 respectively.



#### (k) Intangible assets

#### **Trademarks**

Trademarks are finite life tangibles and are recorded at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Amortisation is charged on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives of 7 years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

#### Software

Software is a finite life intangible asset and is recorded at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is charged on a diminishing value basis over the estimated useful life. Amortisation is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The principal rates used to calculate amortisation are -

Software 48.0 - 60.0% DV

#### (l) Leased assets

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly against income, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the consolidated entity's general policy on borrowing costs.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

#### (m) Payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the consolidated entity becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

#### (n) Property, plant and equipment

#### (i) Owned assets

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost as deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, see accounting policy (i).

#### (ii) Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The owner-occupied property acquired by way of finance lease is stated at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, see accounting policy (n). Lease payments are accounted for as described in accounting policy (l).

#### (iii) Subsequent costs

The Group recognises in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income an expense as incurred.



#### (iv) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on a diminishing value or straight line basis on all property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life. Depreciation is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The principal rates used to calculate depreciation are -

Furniture & Fittings 10.0 - 48.0% DV Office Equipment 15.6 - 80.4% DV Computer Hardware 39.0 - 80.4% DV

#### (o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the consolidated entity has a present obligation as a result of a past event, the future sacrifice of economic benefits is probable, and the amount of the provision can be measured reliably.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that recovery will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

#### (p) Expense Recognition

Expenses are recognised when expenses are incurred.

Grant expenditure is recognised when approved by Council.

#### (q) Revenue recognition

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised when the services are performed.

#### Dividend and interest revenue

Dividend revenue from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established. Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

#### (r) Capital Management

The Group's capital is accumulated surpluses from trading. The Group manages its revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities prudently in order that the objectives of the ultimate charitable group are met. The Group has no external third party imposed capital management requirements.

#### (s)Investments

Investments in unitised products and managed funds are accounted for at market value.

#### **Investment Income**

Dividend and interest income from unitised products and managed funds are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as income to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the entity and the income can be readily measured.

Net realised and unrealised gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Unrealised gains and losses are treated as other comprehensive income items.



	20 Group	15 Parent	20 Group	14 Parent	
1. Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Cash on Hand Cash at Banks	400 <u>2,805,718</u>	400 <u>176,578</u>	400 <u>1,772,1</u> 53	400 <u>431,256</u>	
Total Cash and Equivalents	2,806,118	176,978	1,772,553	431,656	
1a. Other Financial Assets					
The parent and the group have funds in	vested in other	investments clas	ssifed as:		
Term Deposits Managed Funds Other Financial Assets - Non Current	9,369,710 2,380,923	2,020,094 2,380,923	11,239,393 1,073,636	3,437,269 1,073,636	
Total Other Financial Assets	11,750,633	4,401,017	12,313,029	4,510,905	
The parent and the group have received as follows:	l income from fu	ınds invested in	other investmen	ts	
Term Deposits Income Managed Funds Income Other Financial Assets - Non Current Income	448,853 314,772	97,491 314,772	491,946 77,250	161,127 77,250	
Total Income	763,625	412,263	569,196	238,377	
The total funds of \$14,556,751 held by the Group at 31 March 2015 comprised:					
NZRS Limited Deferred Income NZRS Limited Retained Income Domain Name Commission Limited Re Internet New Zealand Incorporated Re			\$7,747 \$1,211 \$1,019 \$4,577	,978 ,703	

The total retained income of 6,809,676 represents funds held but not yet spent.

#### 2. Trade Debtors and Other Receivables

Total	1,813,046	164,342	1,335,611	195,834
Pre-payments	<u> 187,758</u>	73,373	200,408	101,603
GST Receivable Tax Receivable	69,202 -	69,202 -	65,909 -	65,909 -
Trade receivables Interest Receivable	1,450,701 105,385	10,020 11,747	950,157 119,137	886 27,436



	20: Group	15 Parent	201 Group	4 Parent
3. Operating Expenses				
The operating expenses include the following:				
Audit Fees Employee Remuneration Depreciation & Amortisation 4,5 Rent Loss on Disposal of Fixed	25,615 3,753,075 913,227 308,696	9,000 1,041,364 80,981 250,410	27,230 2,796,059 751,865 155,441	8,060 1,125,450 49,482 155,441
Assets Other Operating Expenses	5,107,948	<u>2,509,896</u>	5,074,403	2,316,298
	10,108,561	3,891,650	8,804,998	3,645,731

#### 4. Property, Plant & Equipment

#### **Parent**

The following gives details of the cost or valuation of assets and depreciation written off to date:

This Year	<u>Cost or</u> <u>Valuation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u> <u>For Year</u>	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value This Year
Furniture & Fittings	434,178	33,048	211,941	222,237
Computer Hardware	246,904	12,826	232,265	14,639
Office Equipment	39,344	7,826	25,474	13,869
	\$720,426	\$53,700	\$469,680	\$250,745
<u>Last Year</u>	<u>Cost or</u>	Depreciation	Accumulated	Book Value
	<u>Valuation</u>	For Year	Depreciation	Last Year
Furniture & Fittings	419,955	30,726	178,893	241,062
Computer Hardware	236,003	12,146	219,439	16,564
Office Equipment	25,422	2,726	17,649	7,773
	\$681,380	\$45,598	\$415,981	\$265,399

During the year there were fixed asset additions as follows:

Furniture & Fittings	\$14,223	(2014 \$48,026)
Computer Hardware	\$10,901	(2014 \$10,978)
Office Equipment	\$13,922	(2014 \$5,819)



#### Group

This Year	<u>Cost or</u> <u>Valuation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u> <u>For Year</u>	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value This Year
Leasehold Improvements	76,218	6,574	6,574	69,644
Furniture & Fittings	434,178	33,048	211,941	222,237
Office Equipment	424,453	94,213	255,368	169,085
Computer Hardware	2,228,133	318,188	1,948,115	280,018
	\$3,162,982	\$452,023	\$2,421,998	<del>\$740,984</del>
<u>Last Year</u>	<u>Cost or</u> <u>Valuation</u>	Depreciation For Year	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value Last Year
Furniture & Fittings	419,955	30,726	178,893	241,062
Office Equipment	361,909	51,677	162,875	199,034
Computer Hardware	2,052,400	326,136	1,629,926	422,474
	\$2,834,264	\$408,539	\$1,971,694	\$862,570

During the year there were fixed asset additions as follows:

Leasehold Improvements	\$76,218	(2014	\$Nil)
Furniture & Fittings	\$14,223	(2014	\$48,026)
Office Equipment	\$65,982	(2014	\$136,272)
Computer Hardware	\$175,733	(2014	\$244,630)



#### 5. Intangible Assets

#### **Parent**

The following gives details of the cost or valuation of assets and amortisation written off to date:

This Year	<u>Cost or</u> Valuation	Amortisation For Year	Accumulated Amortisation	Book Value This Year
Software	236,553	27,281	95,641	140,912
<u>Last Year</u>	<u>Cost or</u> <u>Valuation</u>	Amortisation For Year	Accumulated Amortisation	Book Value Last Year
Software	133,816	3,884	68,361	65,456

During the year there were additions of \$102,737 (2014: \$31,669)

#### Group

This Year	Cost or Valuation	Amortisation For Year	Accumulated Amortisation	Book Value This Year
Software Trademark	3,302,955 10,698	461,204 -	2,515,239 10,698	787,716
	\$3,313,653	\$461,204	\$2,525,937	\$787,716
<u>Last Year</u>	Cost or Valuation	Amortisation For Year	Accumulated Amortisation	Book Value Last Year
Software Trademark	2,661,095 10,698	343,326	2,054,036 10,698	607,059
	\$2,671,793	\$343,326	\$2,064,734	\$607,059

During the year there were additions of \$641,860 (2014 \$541,276). The bulk of software additions in 2015 relates to NZRS Limited's continued updating and reinvestment in its core registry systems in line with its expected investment plan.



	2015		2014		
	Group	Parent	Group	Parent	
6. Trade Creditors and other Payables					
Trade Payables	887,855	502,955	940,154	433,749	
GST Payable	137,914	_	(8,351)	-	
Employee Benefits	225,136	70,778	166,745	47,462	
Lease Incentives	<u>8,330</u>	<u>8,330</u>	<u>22,612</u>	<u>22,612</u>	
	1,259,235	582,063	1,121,160	503,823	

#### 7. Financial Instruments

#### **Credit Risk**

Financial instruments which potentially subject the parent and group to credit risk consist principally of bank balances and accounts receivable.

The parent and group has a credit policy which is used to manage this exposure to credit risk. As part of this policy limits on exposures with counter parties have been set and are monitored on a regular basis.

The parent and group performs credit evaluations on all customers requiring credit and does not require collateral. The parent and group further minimises its credit exposure by limiting the amount of surplus funds placed with any one financial institution at any one time.

#### 8. Related Party Disclosures

#### Transactions between Parent and Subsidiaries

Internet New Zealand Incorporated (INZ) owns 100% of NZRS Limited (NZRSL) and Domain Name Commission Limited (DNCL).

INZ received dividends declared and paid by NZRSL during the year totaling \$2,755,776 (2014: \$2,559,637).

NZRSL and DNCL paid management fees to INZ during the year of \$59,724 and \$164,196 respectively (2014: \$75,051 and \$127,080).

#### **Other Related Parties**

Identity Conference 2015 - Sponsorship of \$4,600 - Councillor Joy Liddicoat is Assistant Commissioner at the office of the Privacy Commissioner.

2020 Communication Trust - Strategy Partnership \$100,000 - Councillor Sarah Lee is a contractor to 2020 and Councillor Neil James is a member of a regional steering Committee of Computers in homes, a subsidiary of the 2020 Communication Trust.

Wiki New Zealand Trust - Contract work Issues Programme \$11,500 - Councillor Hayden Glass is a volunteer at Wiki New Zealand.

Gather Workshops Limited - Grant of \$15,000 - Councillor Lance Wiggs wife is a director and shareholder (50%) of Gather Workshops Limited. Lance Wiggs recused himself from discussions and decisions involving Gather Workshops Limited.



Web Access Waikato - Community Projects Funding round \$9,000 - Councillor Sarah Lee is a contractor to the 2020 Communication Trust which is in partnership with Web Access Waikato. Sarah Lee recused herself from decision making involving Web Access Waikato.

Gather Conference Limited - Sponsorship of \$1,500 in 2014 - Councillor Lance Wiggs wife is a director and shareholder (26%) of Gather Conference Limited.

Girl Geek Dinners Limited - Sponsorship of \$2,000 - Councillor Lance Wiggs wife benefited from work she performed for Girl Geek Dinners.

Kiwifoo - Sponsorship of \$5,000 - Councillor Lance Wiggs wife benefited from work she performed for Kiwifoo.

#### **Key Management Personnel**

The Company has a related party relationship with its directors and executive officers. Except as stated above there are no other related party transactions.

#### **Employee Remuneration**

Salary Range	Number of Staff Across the Group
\$101,000 - \$200,000	Ten
\$201,000 - \$300,000	Three

During the year Thirteen employees received remuneration greater than \$100,000.

#### 9. Subsidiaries

Name of Entity	Country of Incorporation	2015	2014	
Parent Entity Internet New Zealand Incorporated	New Zealand			
Subsidiaries NZRS Limited Domain Name Commission Limited	New Zealand New Zealand	100% 100%	100% 100%	

#### 10. Operating Leases

	2015		2014	
	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
Less than one year	159,566	159,566	240,977	240,977
Between one and two years	30,394	30,394	169,280	169,280
Between three and five years			30,394	30,394
Total	189,960	189,960	440,651	440,651

#### 11. Deferred Income

The group through subsidiary NZRSL has invoiced clients for \$7,747,075 (2014 \$6,357,562) in advance.

#### 12. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

At 31 March 2015 the Group had no contingent liabilities or commitments (2014: \$Nil).

#### 13. Events Subsequent to Balance Date

No events occurred subsequent to balance date that would have had a material effect on the financial statements (2014 \$Nil).

#### 14. Reclassification of Operating Expenses

The operating expenses incurred during the year have been reclassified to better reflect the objectives of Internet New Zealand Incorporated. All relevant prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to reflect this change.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Internet New Zealand Incorporated

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Internet New Zealand Incorporated and Group on pages 2 to 19, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2015, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

This report is made solely to the Members, as a body, in accordance with the Constitution of Internet New Zealand Incorporated. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Council's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand and for such internal control as the Council determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, Internet New Zealand Incorporated or any of its subsidiaries.



#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Internet New Zealand Incorporated and Group as at 31 March 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

BDO Wellington 24 June 2015

800 Wellington

Wellington

**New Zealand**